Graduate Study in Psychology Survey

Age__________ Sex: M F

Major ________ Freshman ____ Sophomore_____ Junior ____ Senior_____ Other ____

Overall GPA__________

Are you planning on going to graduate school in psychology?: Yes No Undecided
If yes, are you considering pursuing a
Masters degree (M.S. or M.A.) ______
Doctoral degree (Ph.D. or Psy.D.) _____
If yes, what area of study are you planning to do graduate work in? __________________________
If no, what do you plan to do after graduating with your B.S. degree?__________________________
________________________________________________________________________________

Please answer the following questions only if you are considering going to graduate school in psychology, but turn in your survey regardless. And thank you for taking part in this survey.

1. Are you confident that you can write an effective personal statement for your application to graduate school?
   a. Yes    b. No

2. Do you know what information your resume' should contain?
   a. Yes    b. No

3. Do you know who to ask for letters of recommendation, and the kind of information those letters should contain?
   a. Yes    b. No

4. Do you know how to get to the "interview" stage in the graduate admission's process?
   a. Yes    b. No

5. Have you ever been interviewed over the telephone?
   a. Yes    b. No

6. Can you identify at least five questions you will likely be asked during interviews?
   a. Yes    b. No

7. Do you know how to assess your strengths and to find the best graduate program for your interests? 
   a. Yes    b. No
8. Do you know how to find out about various funding options, like graduate assistantships, fellowships or scholarships?
   a. Yes  b. No

9. Can you identify three or more things you can do after you submit your applications that can substantially improve your chances of getting admitted?
   a. Yes  b. No

10. Can you identify three or more differences between clinical and counseling psychology?
    a. Yes  b. No

11. Which of the following best describes the difference(s) between a Ph.D., and a Psy.D.?
    a. a Ph.D. is a research degree and a Psy.D. is a practice degree
    b. a Ph.D. program can be APA-approved whereas a Psy.D. cannot
    c. a Ph.D. can be licensed to practice psychology but a Psy.D. cannot
    d. all of the above

12. Which of the following is the most likely starting salary for a beginning professor in psychology?
    a. $45,000  b. $55,000
    c. $65,000  c. $75,000

13. How informed do you feel about your knowledge regarding the graduate school application process?
    a. very uninformed  b. somewhat uninformed
    c. somewhat informed  d. very well informed

14. On average, doctoral programs in clinical or counseling psychology accept what percentage of their overall applicant pool in any given year?
    a. roughly 3%  b. roughly 10%
    c. roughly 30%  d. roughly 60%

15. The average GPA of all incoming doctoral students in all areas of psychology is _______
    a. 3.3  b. 3.5
    c. 3.7  d. 3.9

16. What percentage of clinical and counseling psychologists go into private practice?
    a. 25%  b. 40%
    c. 65%  d. 80%

18. Which of the following courses is required by the greatest number of doctoral programs in clinical psychology prior to applying for graduate study?
    a. statistics  b. experimental methods/research design
    c. abnormal psychology/psychopathology  d. history and systems in psychology

19. For doctoral programs in clinical psychology, which of the following factors is viewed as the most important type of undergraduate preparation
a. computer knowledge and skills  
  b. human service experience  
  c. research experience  
  d. Psi Chi membership

20. Out of all the doctoral degrees in psychology awarded each year, Social Psychology, Developmental Psychology, and Experimental Psychology each generate about the same percentage; what percentage is that?

   a. 3%  
   b. 7%  
   c. 15%  
   d. 20%

21. The average GRE scores of first-year graduate students in psychology in master's program are ______, whereas the average scores for doctoral programs are ________.

   a. 880; 1290  
   b. 1010; 1340  
   c. 1196; 1278  
   d. 1033; 1206

22. On average, APA-approved doctoral programs in clinical psychology receive about ______ applications per year.

   a. 85  
   b. 135  
   c. 230  
   d. 360

23. Which of the following types of programs has the strongest demonstrated commitment to multicultural issues?

   a. clinical psychology  
   b. counseling psychology  
   c. school psychology  
   d. cognitive psychology

24. Regarding financial aid, approximately ______ percent of Psy.D. students receive assistantship or fellowship support, compared to roughly ______ percent of Ph.D. students.

   a. 35%; 90%  
   b. 50%; 50%  
   c. 50%; 70%  
   d. 60%; 40%

25. If you wanted to become licensed to practice psychology you could you complete your degree in all of the following areas except

   a. Psy.D. in clinical psychology  
   b. Ph.D. in school psychology  
   c. Ph.D. in industrial/organizational  
   d. you could take it in any of these areas

The following areas of psychology represent research fields. Can you identify different research settings in which each of the following might work (please circle Yes or No):

26. Social Psychologists  
   27. Developmental Psychologists  
   28. Psychobiologists  
   29. Cognitive Psychologists  
   30. Experimental Psychologists